

Tel: 400-999-8863 
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## Crk II (phospho Tyr221) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-03551
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat;Monkey
Applications	WB;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	CRK
Protein Name	Adapter molecule crk
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human CrkII around the phosphorylation site of Tyr221. AA range:187-236
Specificity	Phospho-Crk II (Y221) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Crk II protein only when phosphorylated at Y221.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	CRK; Adapter molecule crk; Proto-oncogene c-Crk; p38
Observed Band	40kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm . Cell membrane . Translocated to the plasma membrane upon cell adhesion
Tissue Specificity	Embryonic lung,Epithelium,Eye,Lung,Placenta,
Function	domain:The C-terminal SH3 domain function as a negative modulator for transformation and the N-terminal SH3 domain appears to function as a positive regulator for transformation.,domain:The SH2 domain mediates interaction with SHB.,function:The Crk-I and Crk-II forms differ in their biological activities. Crk-II has less transforming activity than Crk-I. Crk-II mediates attachment-induced MAPK8 activation, membrane ruffling and cell motility in a Rac-dependent manner. Involved in phagocytosis of apoptotic cells and cell motility via its interaction with DOCK1 and DOCK4.,PTM:Phosphorylated on Tyr-221 upon cell adhesion. Results in the negative regulation of the association with SH2- and SH3-binding partners, possibly by the formation of an intramolecular interaction of phosphorylated Tyr-221 with the SH2 domain. This leads finally to the down-regulation of the Crk signaling pathway.,PTM:P
Background	This gene encodes a member of an adapter protein family that binds to several tyrosine-phosphorylated proteins. The product of this gene has several SH2 and



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SH3 domains (src-homology domains) and is involved in several signaling pathways, recruiting cytoplasmic proteins in the vicinity of tyrosine kinase through SH2-phosphotyrosine interaction. The N-terminal SH2 domain of this protein functions as a positive regulator of transformation whereas the C-terminal SH3 domain functions as a negative regulator of transformation. Two alternative transcripts encoding different isoforms with distinct biological activity have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

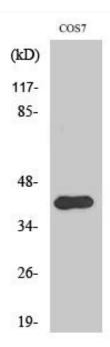
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

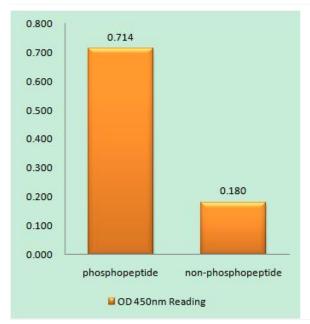
**Usage suggestions** 

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## **Products Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-Crk II (Y221) Polyclonal Antibody



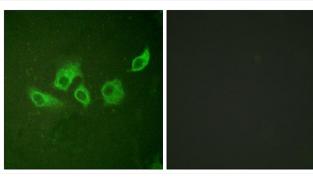
Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using CrkII (Phospho-Tyr221) Antibody



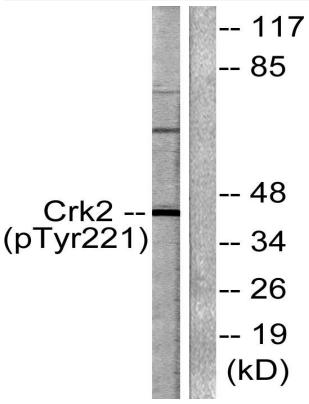
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Immunofluorescence analysis of HUVEC cells, using CrkII (Phospho-Tyr221) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from COS7 cells, using CrkII (Phospho-Tyr221) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.